### Test Report issued under the responsibility of:



# TEST REPORT

#### UL 1642:2020

## **UL Standard for Safety Lithium Batteries**

Report Number:	TCTTJ20210114161ZB-BR03
Date of issue:	March 18, 2021
Total number of pages:	16 pages
Applicant's name:	SHEN ZHEN YONG DA JIA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Address:	3rd Floor, No.24 Youganyuan Road, Anliang Village, Henggang Town, Longgang District,Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Test specification:	
Standard:	UL 1642:2020
Test procedure:	N/A
Non-standard test method	N/A
Test item description:	Lithium-ion Cell
Trade Mark:	N/A
Manufacturer:	SHEN ZHEN YONG DA JIA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.
Model/Type reference:	103450
Ratings:	3.7V, 2000mAh, 7.4Wh

Responsible Testing Laboratory (as applicable), testing procedure and testing location(s):

	Testing Laboratory:	Shenzhen Tiansu Calibrat	ion and Testing Co. I td	
Tes	ting location/ address:	: Building 1/4, NO.2, Jinlong Road, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China		
Tes	ted by (name, function, signature):	: Wang wentao \Test Engineer Wang Wen tao		
Approved by (name, function, signature) :		Nick wang \Technology supervisor	Nick Wang	
List -ma App	t of Attachments (including a total numb nin report:15 pages pendix 1 (1 page): Product Photos	er of pages in each attac	hment):	

Summary of testing:				
Tests performed (name of test and test clause): cl.10 Short-Circuit Test; cl.11 Abnormal Charging Test; cl.13 CrushTest; cl.14 ImpactTest; cl.15 Shock Test; cl.16 Vibration Test; cl.17 Heating Test; cl.18 Temperature Cycling Test; cl.19 Low Pressure (Altitude Simulation) Test; cl.20 Projectile Test.	<b>Testing location:</b> Shenzhen Tiansu Calibration and Testing Co.,Ltd. Building 1/4, NO.2, Jinlong Road, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China			
General disclaimer:				
The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested.				
Copy of marking plate (representative):				

Lithium-ion Cell 103450 3.7V, 2000mAh, 7.4Wh 1INP10/35/51 SHEN ZHEN YONG DA JIA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. Red wire "+" Black wire "-" Made in China YYMMDD Caution: Risk of Fire and Burns Follow Manufacturer's Instructions

Remark: YYMMDD represents the date of manufacture.

Test item partic	ulars:			
Information abou correct test progr power connection	t the product needed to establish a ram, such as product mobility, type of ns and similar.	To be defined in final product		
Recommend charging method declared by the manufacturer:		400mA constant current charge to 4.2V, then constant voltage 4.2V charge till charge current declines to 40mA.		
Nominal voltage.		3.7V		
Rated capacity	:	2000mAh		
Maximum charge	e voltage:	4.20V		
Specified final vo	Itage	2.75V		
Possible test ca	se verdicts:			
- test case does	not apply to the test object::	N/A		
- test object doe	es meet the requirement:	P (Pass)		
- test object doe	es not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)		
Testing	:			
Date of receipt of	of test item:	March 05, 2021		
Date (s) of perfo	ormance of tests:	March 05, 2021 to March 18, 2021		
General remarks	S:			
"(See Enclosure	#)" refers to additional information ap table)" refers to a table appended to th	opended to the report. The report.		
I hroughout this	s report a 📋 comma / 🖄 point is u	sed as the decimal separator.		
Name and addr	ess of factory (ies):	SHEN ZHEN YONG DA JIA TECH LTD.	HNOLOGY CO.,	
		3rd Floor, No.24 Youganyuan Roa Village, Henggang Town, Longgan District,Shenzhen, Guangdong, C	ad, Anliang ng hina	
General produc	t information and other remarks:			
	Model no.	103450		
	Recommend charging voltage	4.2V		
	Recommend charging current	400mA		
	Max. charging current	2000mA		
	Recommend discharging voltage	2.75V		
	Recommend discharging current	400mA		
	Max. discharging current	2000mA		
	Operation Temperature (Charge)	0~45°C		

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Clause	Requirement – Test		Result - Remark	Verdict
PERFORMAN	ICE			
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5	General		Р
5.1	Technician-replaceable Batteries		Р
5.1.1	Technician-replaceable lithium cells or batteries are to be tested as described in Sections 10-20.Section 12, Forced- Discharge Test, is applicable only to cells intended to be used in series-connected multicell applications such as battery packs. For multicell installations, also see 5.3.1.		Р
5.1.2	When a fire or explosion occurs as a result of the Crush Test, Section 13, or the Impact Test, Section 14, or the cell or battery ruptures to the extent that the aluminum test cage is penetrated during the Projectile Test, Section 20; the use of the technician replaceable cell or battery shall be restricted to applications in which it is not exposed to, or is protected from, any conditions shown to cause a fire or explosion.	No fire or explosion occurs	Ρ
5.1.3	Cells and batteries subjected to the Shock Test, Section 15, Vibration Test, Section 16, Temperature Cycling Test, Section 18, and Low Pressure (Altitude Simulation) Test, Section 19, shall also not leak or vent. For these tests, unacceptable leakage is determined to have occurred when the resulting mass loss exceeds the values shown in Table 5.1,Venting and leakage mass loss criteria.	No leak or vent	Ρ
5.2	User-replaceable Batteries		N/A
5.2.1	User-replaceable lithium cells or batteries are to be tested as described in Sections 10-20. Section 12, Forced Discharge Test, is applicable only to cells intended to be used in multicell applications such as battery packs. In addition to complying with the requirements for a technician replaceable cell or battery as specified in 5.1.1, a user-replaceable cell or battery shall not explode or ignite when subjected to the Crush Test, Section 13, or the Impact Test, Section14.	Technician- replaceable cell	N/A
5.2.2	Sets of five specimens each are to be used for the Projectile Test, Section 20.3; see Table 6.3. When only one specimen from a set of five does not comply with the requirements, another set of five specimens is to be tested. All specimens from this second set shall comply with the requirements.	Technician- replaceable cell	N/A
5.3	Multi-cell Installation	1	
5.3.1	A technician-replaceable or user-replaceable cell intended for use in multicell installations or battery packs shall also be tested as described in 10.3 and Section 12. No fire or explosion shall occur as a result of these tests. In addition, batteries subjected to the test described in 10.3 shall meet the requirements as described in 5.1.1 and 5.2.1 for a cell or battery subjected to the Short-Circuit Test, Section10.	Single cell.	N/A
6	Samples		Р
6.1	Fully charged primary cells or batteries and primary cells or batteries that have been conditioned by partial or complete discharge, or both, are to be used for the tests described in Sections 10-20. The number of samples to be used in each test for a primary technician-replaceable cell or battery is shown in Table 6.1. The number of samples to be used in each test for a primary user-replaceable cell or battery is shown in Table 6.3. When a group of cells or batteries of different sizes, but similar chemistries is involved, selected sizes representative of the range are to be tested.	The samples are secondary cells.	N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
6.2	Fully charged secondary cells or batteries and secondary cells or batteries that have been conditioned by charge- discharge cycling are to be used for the tests described in Sections 10 — 20. The number of samples to be used in each test for a secondary technician-replaceable cell or battery is shown in Table 6.2. The number of samples to be used in each test for a secondary user-replaceable cell or battery is shown in Table 6.4. When a group of cells or batteries of different sizes, and similar chemistries is involved, selected sizes representative of the range are to be tested.	The samples are secondary technician- replaceable cells. Prepared as required.	Ρ
6.3	Prior to conducting the testing in Section 17, the Lithium-ion Polymer Rechargeable Cell samples shall be pre-conditioned as outlined in 6.4 and 6.5.	Prepared as required.	Р
6.4	For the heating test of Section 17, two sets of five Lithium-ion Polymer Rechargeable Cell samples are to be fully discharged (i.e. to the manufacturer's specified end point voltage). The samples are then placed in a test chamber and conditioned for 1 to 4 h (5 samples at the upper temperature limit and 5 samples at the lower temperature limit of the operating region) as outlined in Table 6.3.	Prepared as required.	Ρ
6.5	While still in the test chamber set at the temperature limits, the samples are charged (5 samples at the upper temperature limit and 5 samples at lower temperature limit) at the specified maximum charging current and upper limit charging voltage per Table 6.3, using a constant voltage charging method. Charging is continued until the charge current is reduced to the specified end of charge conditions (i.e. 0.05 times the charge current).	Prepared as required.	P
7	Conditioning of Samples		P
7.1	Discharge		N/A
7.1.1	Primary batteries are to be completely discharged by connecting their terminals through resistors that provide the desired level of discharge within 60 days. Completely discharged is considered to be the state in which the closed- circuit voltage has been reduced to less than 0.2 volts and the short-circuit current to less than 1.0 milliamperes. Batteries are to be discharged at room temperature. Cells with a liquid cathode such as thionyl chloride or sulfur dioxide, shall also be conditioned by one-half discharge	The samples are secondary cells.	N/A
7.1.2	For solid electrolyte and other types of primary lithium batteries that cannot be discharged within 60 days because of the small currents they inherently produce, longer discharge times plus discharge at higher temperatures may be used to obtain the desired level of discharge. The manufacturer's recommended discharge procedures are to be followed so as to obtain the required discharge level in the minimum time.	The samples are secondary cells.	N/A
7.2	Charge-discharge cycling		Р
7.2.1	Secondary cells are to be conditioned at 25°C (77°F). Cells are continuously cycled as per the manufacturer's specifications. The specification shall be such that the full rated capacity of the cell is utilized and the number of cycles accumulated shall be at least equal to 25 percent of the advertised cycle life of the cell or cycled continuously for 90 days, whichever is shorter. Cycling is to be done either individually or in groups. Cells are to be recharged prior to testing as indicated in Table 6.2 and Table 6.4.	The samples are cycled at manufacturer's factory before they were sent for test.	P
8	Important test considerations		Р

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
8.1	Some lithium batteries are capable of exploding when the tests described in Sections 10-20 are conducted. It is important that personnel be protected from the flying fragments, explosive force, sudden release of heat, and noise that results from such explosions. The test area is to be well ventilated to protect personnel from possible harmful fumes or gases.	Prepared the tests as required.	Р
8.2	As an additional precaution, the temperatures on the surface of the battery casings shall be monitored during the tests described in Sections 10, 12, 13, and 14. All personnel involved in the testing of lithium batteries are to be instructed never to approach a lithium battery while the surface temperature exceeds 90°C (194°F).	Prepared the tests as required.	Ρ
8.3	For protection, the Projectile Test, Section 20 is to be conducted in a room separate from the observer.	Prepared the tests as required.	P
9	Temperature measurements		Р
9.1	Temperatures are to be measured by thermocouples consisting of wires not larger than 24 AWG (0.21 mm2) and not smaller than 30 AWG (0.05 mm2) and a potentiometer- type instrument.	Prepared the tests as required.	Р
9.2	The temperature measurements on the batteries are to be made with the measuring junction of the thermocouple held tightly against the metal casing of the battery.	Prepared the tests as required.	Р
TESTS FOR 1	FECHNICIAN-REPLACEABLE AND USER-REPLACEABLE BA	ITERIES	
ELECTRICAL	TESTS		
10	Short-Circuit Test		Р
10.1	Each test sample battery, in turn, is to be short- circuited by connecting the positive and negative terminals of the battery with a circuit load having a maximum resistance load of 0.1 ohm. The battery is to discharge until a fire or explosion is obtained, or until it has reached a completely discharged state of less than 0.1 volts and the battery case temperature has returned to $\pm 10^{\circ}$ C ( $\pm 18^{\circ}$ F) of ambient temperature.	Tested as required. See table 10	Р
10.2	Tests are to be conducted at $20 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C (68 $\pm 9^{\circ}$ F) and at 55 $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C (131 $\pm 9^{\circ}$ F). The batteries are to reach equilibrium at 20 $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C or 55 $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C, as applicable, before the terminals are connected.	Tested as required.	Р
10.3	A battery is to be tested individually unless the manufacturer indicates that it is intended for use in series or parallel. For series or parallel use, additional tests on five sets of batteries are to be conducted using the maximum number of batteries to be covered for each configuration.	Tested as required.	Р
10.4	When an overcurrent or thermal protective device that has been investigated for the purpose actuates during the test, the test shall be repeated with the battery supply connected to the maximum load that does not cause the protective device to open. A protective device that has not been investigated for the purpose shall be short-circuited.	Only one single lithium-ion cell, no over-current or thermal protective device was integrated into the cell.	N/A
10.5	The samples shall not explode or catch fire. The temperature of the exterior cell or battery casing shall not exceed 150°C (302°F).	The test results meet the requirements.	Р
11	Abnormal Charging Test		P
11.1	Primary cells or batteries shall comply with 11.2—11.7.	Secondary cell	N/A
11.2	Cells or batteries conditioned in accordance with Tables 6.1 or 6.3, as applicable, are to be used for this test. The batteries are to be tested in an ambient temperature of $20 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C (68 $\pm 9^{\circ}$ F).		N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
11.3	Each test sample battery is to be subjected to a charging current of three times the current I, specified by the manufacturer by connecting it in opposition to a dc-power supply. The specified charging current is to be obtained by connecting a resistor of the specified size and rating in series with the battery. The test charging time is to be calculated using the formula: $t_c = \frac{2.5 C}{3 (l_c)}$ $t_c$ is the charging time in hour $C$ is the capacity of the cell/battery in ampere-hours, and $l_c$ is the manufacturer. The minimum charging time is to be 7 hours		N/A
11.4	When a non-resettable overcurrent or thermal protective device that has been investigated for the purpose operates during the test, the test is to be repeated at a charge current below the level that the protective device operates. When a resettable protective device operates during the test, the protector is allowed to reset to a total of 10 cycles; or until the appropriate charging time has been completed, but not less than 7 hours. A protective device that has not been investigated for the purpose is to be short-circuited. See 2.3.2.		N/A
11.5	The samples shall not explode or catch fire.		N/A
11.6	Secondary cells or batteries shall comply with 11.7— 11.10.	See table 11, tested as required	Р
11.7	Cells or batteries conditioned in accordance with Tables 6.2 or 6.4, as applicable, are to be used for this test. The batteries are to be tested in an ambient temperature of $20 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C (68 $\pm 9^{\circ}$ F)	Tested as required.	Ρ
11.8	Each test sample battery is to be discharged at a constant current of 0.2c/lhour, to a manufacturer specified discharge endpoint voltage. The cell or battery is then to be charged with a constant maximum specified output voltage and a current limit of three times the maximum charging current, I, specified by the manufacturer. Charging duration is to be 7 hours or the time required to reach the manufacturer's specified end-of-charge condition, whichever is greater.	Tested as required.	Ρ
11.9	The cell/battery is to be tested without the assistance of overcurrent or thermal protective devices, unless such protective devices have been investigated for the purpose. When a non-resettable overcurrent or thermal protective device operates during the test, the test shall be repeated at an overcharging current below the level that the protection device operates. When a resettable protective device operates during the test, the protector is to be allowed to reset to a total of 10 cycles; or until the appropriate charging time has been completed, but not less than 7 hours. A protective device that has not been investigated for the purpose is to be short-circuited. See 2.3.2.	The samples are to be tested without any assistance of over- current or thermal protective devices.	N/A
11.10	The samples shall not explode or catch fire.	No explosion or catch fire during and after the test	Р
12	Forced-Discharged Test		N/A
12.1	This test is intended for cells that are to be used in series- connected, multicell applications, such as battery packs.	One single cell	N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
12.2	A completely discharged cell is to be force- discharged by connecting it in series with fully charged cells of the same kind. The number of fully charged cells to be connected in series with the discharged cell is to equal the maximum number less one of the cells to be covered for series use. Five cells are to be completely discharged, at room temperature.		N/A
12.3	Once the completely discharged cell is connected in series with the specified number of fully charged cells the resultant battery pack is to be short circuited.		N/A
12.4	The positive and negative terminals of the sample are to be connected with a copper wire with a maximum resistance load of 0.1 ohm. The sample is to discharge until a fire or explosion is obtained, or until it has reached a completely discharged state of less than 0.2 volts and the battery case temperature has returned to $\pm 10^{\circ}$ C (18°F) of ambient temperature.		N/A
12.5	When an overcurrent or thermal protective device that has been investigated for the purpose operates during the test, the test shall be repeated with the battery supply connected to the maximum load that does not cause the protective device to open. A protective device that has not been investigated for the purpose shall be short-circuited.		N/A
12.6	The samples shall not explode or catch fire.		N/A
MECHANICA	L TESTS		
13	Crush Test		Р
13.1	A battery is to be crushed between two hat surfaces. The force for the crushing is to be applied by a hydraulic ram or similar force mechanism. The flat surfaces are to be brought in contact with the cells and the crushing is to be continued until an applied force of $13 \pm 1 \text{ kN}$ (3000 ±224 lbs) is reached. Once the maximum force has been obtained it is to be released.	See table 13	F
13.2	A cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be crushed with its longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surfaces of the crushing apparatus. A prismatic cell is also to be rotated 90° around its longitudinal axis so that both the wide and narrow sides will be subjected to the crushing force. Each sample is to be subjected to a crushing force in only one direction. Separate samples are to be used for each test. Exception: For Lithium ion systems, a cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be crushed with its longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface of the crushing apparatus. Each sample is to be subjected to a crushing force in only one direction. Test only the wide side of pouch and prismatic cells.	Tested as required. The sample are cylindrical lithium-ion cells.	Ρ
13.3	A coin or button battery is to be crushed with the flat surface of the battery parallel with the flat surfaces of the crushing apparatus.	Not a coin or button battery	Р
13.4	The samples shall not explode or catch fire.	No explosion or catch fire during and after the test	Р
14	Impact Test	1	Р
14.1	A test sample battery is to be placed on a flat surface. A 15.8 $\pm$ 0.1-mm (5/8 $\pm$ 0.004-in) diameter bar is to be placed across the center of the sample. A 9.1 $\pm$ 0.46-kg (20 $\pm$ 1-lb) weight is to be dropped from a height of 610 $\pm$ 25 mm (24 $\pm$ 1 in) onto the sample.	Prepared the test as required. See table 14	P

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Clause       Requirement - Test       Result - Remark       Verdict         14.2       A cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be impacted with its formatic cell is also to the f15.8-mm (5/8-m) diameter axis so that both the wide and the center of the test sample. A prismatic cell is also to be rotated 90° around its longitudinal axis so that both the wide and nerrow sides are subjected to the impact. Eparte samples are to be used for each test. <i>Exception: For Lithium ion systems, a cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be impacted with its longitudinal axis parallel to the f1at surface and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of that 15.8-mm (5/8-m) diameter curved surface lying across the center of the test sample. Each sample is to be subjected to only a single impact. Test only the wide side of pouch and prismatic cells.       Not a coin or button       N/A         14.3       A coin or button battery is to be impacted with the f1at surface of the test sample paralle to the f1at surface and the f15.8-mm (5/8-m) diameter curved surface lying across its center.       No explosion or catch fire during and after the test       P         14.4       The samples shall not explode or catch fire.       No explosion or catch fire during and after the test       P         15.1       The cell is to be secured to the testing machine by means of a rigid mount which supports all mounting surfaces of the cell. Each cell shall be subjected to a total of three shocks of equal magnit(Ue. The shocks are to be applied in each of three mutually perpendicular directions nulls to the face of the cell. For each shock the cell is to be accelerated in such a manner that during the initial 3 milliseconds the enillow to the lest as reapplied to a total of three shocks of equal</i>		UL 1642		
14.2       A cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be impacted with its longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface and perpendicular to its longitudinal axis or the 15.8-mm (5/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across the center of the test sample. A prismatic cell is also to be rotated 90° around its longitudinal axis or that both the wide and narrow sides are subjected to the impact. Each sample is to be subjected to only a single impact. Separate samples are to be used for each test. Exception: For Lithium ion systems, a cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be impacted with its longitudinal axis or the 15.8-mm (5/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across the center of the test sample. Each sample is to be subjected to the flat surface and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the 15.8-mm (5/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across the center of the test sample. Each of the test sample paralle to the flat surface and the 15.8-mm (5/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across the center of the test sample. Each starter is to be subjected to analy a single impact. Test only the wide side of pouch and prismatic cells.       Not a coin or buttom       N/A         14.4       The samples shall not explode or catch fire.       No explosion or catch fire during and after the test as angle shall not explode or catch fire.       P         15.1       The call is to be secured to the testing machine by means of a rigid mount which supports all mounting surfaces of the cell. For each elshall be subjected to a total of three shacks of equal magnitUde. The shocks are to be applied in a direction normal to the face of the cell. For each elshall be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amore that during the inflat 3 milliseconds the cell. For each elshall be between 125 and 175 g. Cells shall be tested as required. See table 15       P     <	Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
14.3       A coin or button battery is to be impacted with the flat surface of the test sample parallel to the flat surface and the 15.8-mm (S/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across its center.       Not a coin or button battery       N/A         14.4       The samples shall not explode or catch fire.       No explosion or catch fire during and after the test       P         15.       Shock Test       P       P         15.1       The cell is to be secured to the testing machine by means of arigid mount which supports all mounting surfaces of the cell. Each cell shall be subjected to a total of three shocks of equal magnitUde. The shocks are to be applied in each of three mutually perpendicular directions unless it has only two axes of symmetry in which case only two directions shall be tested. Each shock is to be applied in a direction normal to the face of the cell. For each shock the cell is to be acceleration is 10 to be applied in a direction normal to the face of the cell. For each shock is to be applied in a direction is 75 g (where g is the local acceleration due to gravity). The peak acceleration shall be between 125 and 175 g. Cell shall be tested. Each shock is to be applied in a direction is 75 g (where g is the local acceleration due to gravity). The peak acceleration shall be between 125 and 175 g. Cell shall be tested at temperature of 20 ± 5°C (68 ± 9°F).       No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.       P         15.1       The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition, the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.       No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.       P         16.2       Vibra	14.2	A cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be impacted with its longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the 15.8-mm (5/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across the center of the test sample. A prismatic cell is also to be rotated 90° around its longitudinal axis so that both the wide and narrow sides are subjected to the impact. Each sample is to be subjected to only a single impact. Separate samples are to be used for each test. <i>Exception: For Lithium ion systems, a cylindrical, pouch or prismatic cell is to be impacted with its longitudinal axis parallel to the flat surface and perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the 15.8-mm (5/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across the center of the test sample. Each sample is to be subjected to only a single impact. Test only the wide side of pouch and prismatic cells.</i>	Tested as required. The samples are cylindrical lithium-ion cells.	Ρ
14.4The samples shall not explode or catch fire.No explosion or catch fire during and after the testP15Shock TestP15.1The cell is to be secured to the testing machine by means of a rigid mount which supports all mounting surfaces of the cell. Each cell shall be subjected to a total of three shocks of equal magnitUde. The shocks are to be applied in each of three mutually perpendicular directions unless it has only two axes of symmetry in which case only two directions shall be tested. Each shock is to be applied in a direction normal to the face of the cell. For each shock the cell is to be accelerated in such a manner that during the initial 3 milliseconds the minimum average acceleration is 75 g (where g is the local acceleration due to gravity). The peak acceleration shall be between 125 and 175 g. Cells shall be tested at temperature of 20 ± 5° (68 ± 9°F).No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.15.2The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition, the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.16Vibration TestP16.1A battery is to be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) [1.6 mm (0.06 inch) total acceleration shall be tested at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and return in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendicular directions. For a battery that has only two axes of symmetry, the battery is to be tested or perplicible or each axis.P16.3The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.Tested as required.P16.3<	14.3	A coin or button battery is to be impacted with the flat surface of the test sample parallel to the flat surface and the 15.8-mm (5/8-in) diameter curved surface lying across its center.	Not a coin or button battery	N/A
15Shock TestP15.1The cell is to be secured to the testing machine by means of a rigid mount which supports all mounting surfaces of the cell. Each cell shall be subjected to a total of three shocks of equal magnitUde. The shocks are to be applied in each of three mutually perpendicular directions unsain the taccelerated in such a manner that during the initial 3 milliseconds the minimum average acceleration is 75 g (Where g is the local acceleration due to gravity). The peak acceleration shall be between 125 and 175 g. Cells shall be tested at temperature of 20 ± 5°C (68 ± 9°F).No explosion or catch fire, the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.P15.2The samples shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leakP16.1A battery is to be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) [1.6 mm (0.06 inch) total maximum excursion].Perepared the test as required. See table 16.P16.2The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and returm in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendiculardirections. For a battery that has only two axes of symmetry, the battery is to be tested perpendicular to each axis.The test results meet the requirements.P16.3The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.The test results meet the requirements.P16.3The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and returm in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes.	14.4	The samples shall not explode or catch fire.	No explosion or catch fire during and after the test	Р
15.1The cell is to be secured to the testing machine by means of arigid mount which supports all mounting surfaces of the cell. Each cell shall be subjected to a total of three shocks of equal magnitUde. The shocks are to be applied in each of three mutually perpendicular directions unless it has only two axes of symmetry in which case only two directions shall be tested. Each shock is to be applied in a direction normal to the face of the cell. For each shock thecell is to be accelerated in such a manner that during the initial 3 milliseconds the minimum average acceleration is 75 g (where g is the local acceleration due to gravity). The peak acceleration shall be between 125 and 175 g. Cells shall be tested at temperature of 20 ± 5°C (68 ± 9°F).No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leakP15.2The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition, the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.No explosion or catch grequired. See tableP16.1A battery is to be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) [1.6 mm (0.06 inch) total maximum excursion].Prepared the test as required. See table 16.P16.2The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and return in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendicular to each axis.The test results meet the requirements.P16.3The samples shall not vent or leak as described 	15	Shock Test		Р
15.2The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition, the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leakP16Vibration TestP16.1A battery is to be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) [1.6 mm (0.06 inch) total maximum excursion].Prepared the test as required. See table 16.P16.2The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and return in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendiculardirections. For a battery that has only two axes of symmetry, the battery is to be tested perpendicular to each axis.The test results meet the requirements.P16.3The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.The test results meet the requirements.P17Heating TestP	15.1	The cell is to be secured to the testing machine by means of a rigid mount which supports all mounting surfaces of the cell. Each cell shall be subjected to a total of three shocks of equal magnitUde. The shocks are to be applied in each of three mutually perpendicular directions unless it has only two axes of symmetry in which case only two directions shall be tested. Each shock is to be applied in a direction normal to the face of the cell. For each shock the cell is to be accelerated in such a manner that during the initial 3 milliseconds the minimum average acceleration is 75 g (where g is the local acceleration due to gravity). The peak acceleration shall be between 125 and 175 g. Cells shall be tested at temperature of $20 \pm 5^{\circ}C$ ( $68 \pm 9^{\circ}F$ ).	Prepared the test as required. See table 15	Ρ
16Vibration TestP16.1A battery is to be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) [1.6 mm (0.06 inch) total maximum excursion].Prepared the test as required. See table 16.P16.2The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and return in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendiculardirections. For a battery that has only two axes of symmetry, the battery is to be tested perpendicular to each axis.The test results meet the requirements.P16.3The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.The test results meet the requirements.P17Heating TestP	15.2	The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition, the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.	No explosion or catch fire, the sample not vent or leak	Р
16.1A battery is to be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) [1.6 mm (0.06 inch) total maximum excursion].Prepared the test as required. See table 16.P16.2The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and return in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendiculardirections. For a battery that has only two axes of symmetry, the battery 	16	Vibration Test		Р
16.2       The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and return in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendiculardirections. For a battery that has only two axes of symmetry, the battery is to be tested perpendicular to each axis.       Tested as required.       P         16.3       The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.       The test results meet the requirements.       P         17       Heating Test       P	16.1	A battery is to be subjected to simple harmonic motion with an amplitude of 0.8 mm (0.03 inch) [1.6 mm (0.06 inch) total maximum excursion].	Prepared the test as required. See table 16.	Р
16.3       The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.       The test results meet the requirements.       P         ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS         17       Heating Test       P	16.2	The frequency is to be varied at the rate of 1 hertz per minute between 10 and 55 hertz, and return in not less than 90 nor more than 100 minutes. The battery is to be tested in three mutually perpendiculardirections. For a battery that has only two axes of symmetry, the battery is to be tested perpendicular to each axis.	Tested as required.	Ρ
ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS       17     Heating Test     P	16.3	The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition the sample shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.	The test results meet the requirements.	Р
17   Heating Test   P	ENVIRONME	NTAL TESTS		
	17	Heating Test		Р

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	UL 1642		
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
17.1	A battery is to be heated in a gravity convection or circulating air oven with an initial temperature of $20 \pm 5^{\circ}$ C ( $68\pm 9^{\circ}$ F). The temperature of the oven is to be raised at a rate of $5 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $9\pm 3.6^{\circ}$ F) per minute to a temperature of $130 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $266\pm 3.6^{\circ}$ F) and remain for 10 min. The sample shall return to room temperature ( $20\pm 5^{\circ}$ C) and then be examined. For batteries specified for temperatures above $100^{\circ}$ C ( $212^{\circ}$ F), the conditioning temperature shall be increased from $130 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $266\pm 3.6^{\circ}$ F), to $30\pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $86\pm 3.6^{\circ}$ F) above the manufacturers maximum specified temperature. For a battery of lithium metal chemistry, the conditioning temperature shall be increased to a maximum of $170 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C ( $338\pm 3.6^{\circ}$ F).	Tested as required. Oven temperature: 130°C.	Ρ
17.2	The samples shall not explode or catch fire.	The test results meet the requirements.	Р
18	Temperature Cycling Test		
18.1	The batteries are to be placed in a test chamber and subjected to the following cycles: Raising the chamber-temperature to $70 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (158 $\pm$ 5°F) within 30 minutes and maintaining this temperature for 4 hours. Reducing the chamber temperature to $20 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (68 $\pm$ 5°F) within 30 minutes and maintaining this temperature for 2 hours.Reducing the chamber temperature to minus 40 $\pm$ 3°C (minus 40 $\pm$ 5°F) within 30 minutes and maintaining this temperature for 4 hours.Raising the chamber temperature to 20 $\pm$ 3°C (68 $\pm$ 5°F) within 30 minutes.Repeating the sequence for a further 9 cycles. After the 10th cycle, storing the batteries for a minimum of 24 hours, at a temperature of 20 $\pm$ 5°C (68 $\pm$ 9°F) prior to examination.	Tested as required. See table 18	Ρ
18.2	The samples shall not explode or catch fire. In addition, the samples shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.	The test results meet the requirements.	Р
19	Low Pressure (Altitude Simulation) Test		Р
19.1	Sample batteries are to be stored for 6 hours at an absolute pressure of 11.6 kPa (1.68 psi) and a temperature of 20 $\pm$ 3°C (68 $\pm$ 5°F).	Tested as required. See table 19	Р
19.2	The samples shall not explode or catch fire as a result of the Altitude Simulation Test. In addition, the samples shall not vent or leak as described in 5.1.1.	The test results meet the requirements.	Р
TESTS FOR U	JSER-REPLACEABLE LITHIUM BATTERIES		
20	Projectile Test	<b>T</b> 1. 4. 4	Р
20.1	When subjected to the test described in 20.2 - 20.5 no part of an exploding cell or battery shall penetrate the wire screen such that some or all of the cell or battery protrudes through the screen.	the requirements.	Р
20.2	Each test sample cell or battery is to be placed on a screen that covers a 102 mm (4 inch) diameter hole in the center of a platform table. The screen is to be constructed of steel wire mesh having 20 openings per inch (25.4 mm) and a wire diameter of 0.017 inch (0.43 mm).	Prepared the test as required.	Р
20.3	The screen is to be mounted 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) above a burner. The fuel and air flow rates are to be set to provide a bright blue flame that causes the supporting screen to glow a bright red.	Prepared the test as required.	Р
20.4	An eight-sided covered wire cage, 610 mm (2 feet) across and 305 mm (1 foot) high, made from metal screening is to be placed over the test sample. See Figure 20.1. The metal screening is to be constructed from 0.25 mm (0.010 inch) diameter aluminum wire with 16 — 18 wires per inch (25.4 mm) in each direction.	Tested as required.	Ρ

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UL 1642							
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result - Remark	Verdict				
20.5	The sample is to be heated and shall remain on the screen until it explodes or the cell or battery has ignited and burned out. It is not required to secure the sample in place unless it	Tested as required.	P				
	is at risk of falling off the screen before the test is completed. When required, the sample shall be secured to the screen with a single wire tied around the sample.						

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	ТАВ	ABLE: Critical components information					
Object / part No.		Manufacturer / trademark	Type / model	Technical data	Standard	Mark(s) of conformity <sup>1)</sup>	
-Positive electrode		Anhui new materials Co., Ltd	KD-1M	LiNi <sub>0.5</sub> Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> , Aluminum foil. etc.			
-Negative electrode		Jiangmen Keheng Industrial Co., Ltd	TE510	Graphite. Copper. Foil. etc.			
-Separator		Shenzhen Haike power supply Co., Ltd	46*14um	PP, PE, 46mm*14um, shut down temp. 130°C			
-Electrolyte		Dongguan Tianfeng Power Material Co., Ltd	TF-009D	LiPF6+DEC+EC+ PC.etc			

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10 TABLE: Short-Circuit Test					Р			
			Fully Chargeo					
Ambient temperature:			<b>24.3</b> ℃					
Sample No.		C1#	C2#	C3#	C4#	C5#		
T <sub>max</sub> (℃)		80.3	77.5	81.9	76.7	83.3		
Failure Mode		No	No	No	No	No		
Ambient temper	rature		<b>53.9</b> ℃					
Sample No.		C6#	C7#	C8#	C9#	C10#		
T <sub>max</sub> (℃)		79.2	87.5	83.4	78.8	85.5		
Failure Mode		No	No	No	No	No		
			Cycled Ce					
Ambient temper	rature	:	<b>24.3</b> ℃	<b>24.3</b> ℃				
Sample No.		C11#	C12#	C13#	C14#	C15#		
T <sub>max</sub> (°C)		77.1	82.6	84.9	80.9	78.1		
Failure Mode		No	No	No	No	No		
Ambient temper	rature		<b>53.9</b> ℃					
Sample No.		C16#	C17#	C18#	C19#	C20#		
T <sub>max</sub> (°C)		85.2	81.1	79.4	80.5	84.8		
Failure Mode		No	No	No	No	No		
Supplementary	informat	ion:						
I max was recor	raea on i atch fire	the centre of the	e cell suretace.					
11 T	ABLE: A	Abnormal Char	ging Test			P		
Ambient temper	Ambient temperature							
ld		0.4A		Ue	2.75V			
lc		2A		Uc	4.2V			
			Fully Charged	l Cell				
Sample No.		C21#	C22#	C23#	C24#	C25#		
T <sub>max</sub> (℃)		33.1	29.9	35.8	33.8	31.1		
Failure Mode		No	No	No	No	No		
Cycled Cell								
Sample No.		C26#	C27#	C28#	C29#	C30#		
T <sub>max</sub> (℃)		30.8	32.5	35.4	29.8	32.6		
Failure Mode		No	No	No	No	No		
Supplementary information: Tmax was recorded on the centre of the cell surface; <b>Test current is 2A*3=6A.</b> No explode or catch fire.								
13 T/	ABLE: C	Crush Test				P		
Ambient temperature 23.1 °C								
Fully Charged Cell								
Sample No.		C31#	C32#	C33#	C34#	C35#		
Catch fire		No	No	No	No	No		
Explode		No	No	No	No	No		
Crush direction		Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side		
Failure Mode No		No	No	No	No			

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Cycled Cell						
Sample No.	C36#	C37#	C38#	C39#	C40#	
Catch fire	No	No	No	No	No	
Explode	No	No	No	No	No	
Crush direction	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	
Failure Mode	No	No	No	No	No	
Supplementary info	rmation:no explosio	n or catch fire.				
14 TABI	E: Impact Test				P	
Ambient temperatu	re:	<b>22.9</b> ℃				
		Fully Charge	d Cell			
Sample No.	C41#	C42#	C43#	C44#	C45#	
Catch fire	No	No	No	No	No	
Explode	No	No	No	No	No	
Impact direction	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	
Failure Mode	No	No	No	No	No	
		Cycled Ce	ell			
Sample No.	C46#	C47#	C48#	C49#	C50#	
Catch fire	No	No	No	No	No	
Explode	No	No	No	No	No	
Impact direction	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	Wide side	
Failure Mode	No	No	No	No	No	
Supplementary info	rmation: no explosio	on or catch fire.				
15 TABI	E: Shock Test	I			P	
Ambient temperatu	e:	<b>23.5</b> ℃				
		Fully Charge	d Cell	1		
Sample No.	C51#	C52#	C53#	C54#	C55#	
Mass before test (g	) 33.294	33.018	33.366	33.414	32.714	
Mass after test (g)	33.289	33.014	33.362	33.408	32.708	
Mass loss ratio (%)	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	
Cycled Cell						
Sample No.	C56#	C57#	C58#	C59#	C60#	
Mass before test (g	) 33.155	32.975	33.596	33.063	33.231	
Mass after test (g)	33.148	33.970	33.591	33.057	33.224	
Mass loss ratio (%	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.02	
Supplementary information: no explosion or catch fire, in addition the sample did not vent or leak. Max loss less than 0.1%						
16 TABLE: Vibration Test P						
Ambient temperature: 24.1 °C						
Fully Charged Cell						
Sample No.	C61#	C62#	C63#	C64#	C65#	
Mass before test (g	) 33.093	33.072	33.125	33.029	33.073	
Mass after test (g)	33.087	33.065	33.122	33.025	33.066	
Mass loss ratio (%	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	
Cycled Cell						
Sample No.	C66#	C67#	C68#	C69#	C70#	

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Mass before test (g)		33.048	33.394	32.972	32.988	33.333	
Mass after test (g)		33.042	33.388	32.965	32.981	33.325	
Mass loss ratio (%)		0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	
Supplementary information:no explosion or catch fire, in addition the sample did not vent or leak. Max loss less than 0.1%							
18 1	TABLE: 1	Femperature Cy	cling Test			P	
Ambient tempe	erature		<b>23.8</b> ℃				
			Fully Chargeo	Cell			
Sample No.		C91#	C92#	C93#	C94#	C95#	
Mass before te	est (g)	33.380	33.345	33.328	33.414	32.988	
Mass after test	t (g)	33.062	33.331	33.314	33.402	32.972	
Mass loss ratio	o (%)	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	
			Cycled Ce				
Sample No.		C96#	C97#	C98#	C99#	C100#	
Mass before te	est (g)	33.221	33.108	33.367	33.063	33.094	
Mass after test	t (g)	33.206	33.093	33.355	33.407	33.077	
Mass loss ratio (%)		0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.05	
Supplementary information:no explosion or catch fire, in addition the sample did not vent or leak. Max loss less than 0.1%.							
19         TABLE: Low Pressure (Altitude Simulation) Test         P				Р			
Ambient temperature: 21.9°C							
Fully Charged Cell							
Sample No.		C101#	C102#	C103#	C104#	C105#	
Mass before te	est (g)	33.209	33.122	33.058	33.342	33.107	
Mass after test (g)		33.202	33.155	33.051	33.335	33.101	
Mass loss ratio	o (%)	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	
Cycled Cell							
Sample No.		C106#	C107#	C108#	C109#	C110#	
Mass before test (g)		32.991	33.317	33.291	33.166	33.256	
Mass after test (g)		32.987	33.309	33.283	33.158	33.249	
Mass loss ratio	o (%)	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	
Supplementary information:no explosion or catch fire, in addition the sample did not vent or leak. Max loss less than 0.1%							

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#### Photo Documentation:



Figure 1 Front view of Cell



Figure 2 Back view of Cell